Global Energy Assessment

Toward a Sustainable Future







- Austrian Development Agency (ADA)
- Climate Works Foundation
- Deutsche Gesellschaft f
 ür Internationale Zusammenarbeit GmbH
- First Solar Inc.
- Global Environment Facility (GEF) through UNIDO
- Italian Ministry for the Environment and Territory
- Petrobras
- Research Council of Norway
- Swedish Research Council for Environment, Agricultural Sciences and Spatial Planning (FORMAS)
- Swedish Research Council for Environment, Agricultural Sciences and Spatial Planning (FORMAS) and

Swedish Energy Agency

- United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)
- United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP)
- United Nations Foundation (UNF)
- United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO)
- US Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA)
- US Department of Energy (DOE) through Global Environment and Technology Foundation
- World Bank/ESMAP
- World Energy Council (WEC)





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Major transformations are required if future energy systems are to be affordable, safe, secure, and environmentally sound. There is an urgent need for a sustained and comprehensive strategy to help resolve the following challenges:

- Providing clean and affordable energy services for all;
- Increasing energy security for all nations, regions, and communities;
- Reducing GHG emissions to limit global warming to less than 2° C above pre-industrial levels;
- Reducing indoor and outdoor air pollution from fuel combustion and its impacts on human health; and
- Reducing the adverse effects and ancillary risks.



US \$1.3 trillion (incl. demand)









Source: Riahi et al, 2012







Source: Riahi et al, 2012



New Directions for R&D





R&D as compared to future technology needs from the pathways analysis

Source: Grubler et al, 2012



Policy Integration at the Urban Scale





Simulated energy use for an urban settlement of 20,000 inhabitants using the SimCity Model combining spatially explicit models of urban form, density, and energy infrastructures, with energy systems optimization.

Source: Grubler et al, 2012



2030 Energy Goals

- Universal Access to Modern Energy
- Double Rate of Energy Efficiency Improvement
- Double Renewable Share in Final Energy

Aspirational & Ambitious but Achievable







no CCS, no Nuclear



Source: Riahi et al, 2012

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