

An EU-EEU 'Megadeal' by 2025

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After the establishment of the EEU in 2015 it turns it into a large and complex regional integration organisation (5 member states; GDP ca. \$2.2 bln; population ca.180 mln.)

The institution-building of the Eurasian Economic Union is complete.

EEU is a subject of negotiations, not Russia.

EU-Russia Summit, January 28th, 2014: President **Putin** offers the idea of an FTA. February 5th: President **Nazarbayev** voices support

A truly comprehensive agreement between EU and EEU might become reality in the 2020s

Kazakhstani and Belorussian WTO accession is a prerequisite. Russia should push for it, EU should support.

As soon as the political crisis subsides, it is time to establish a proactive agenda and pave the way to future negotiations. Low-key technical agenda.

## The scope of the potential agreement:

#### Potential issues:

Trade in goods	Trac	le ir	go	ods
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Trade in services (including financial services)

**Abolition of non-tariff barriers (segment by segment)** 

Free movement of capital

Regulatory convergence

Mutual recognition of professional certifications

Visa-free regime (including the package of readmission agreements)

**Educational and research exchange** 

**Managing common neighborhoods** 

Kaliningrad issue

**Development of cross-border transport infrastructure (railway and automobile)** 

**Establishment of the common electric** power market

(Mutual access to governmental procurement)

(Competition rules)

**Mediation mechanisms** 



### Legal framework

DCFTA (Eastern Neighborhood)

CETA (comprehensive economic and trade agreement) EU-Canada; TTIP EU-US

A set of vertical agreements (EU-Switzerland)

EEU would not want a simple FTA since the EU-EEU trade structure is hugely asymmetric (EU will have an easy ride).

What EEU would need is a deep and comprehensive agreement that covers additional domains, enabling it to reach such objectives as the large-scale transfer of technologies, visa-free regime, development of cross-border physical infrastructure.

We favour a framework which stands for a comprehensive approach (CETA, Trade and Investment Partnership).



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